

# Windows Server® 2012 Installation Guide

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Express5800/R120d-1M, R120d-2M  
Express5800/GT110e, GT110e-S, R110e-1E

**This manual is for Windows Server 2012.**

If you use Windows Server 2012 R2, prepare modules and manual for Windows Server 2012 R2.

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## Symbols Used in This Document

The symbols used in this document include the following:

**IMPORTANT:** Indicates required actions when handling hardware or operating software. If you do not follow the procedures indicated, **serious issues such as hardware faults and data loss may occur.**

**CHECK:** Indicates points to be checked before handling hardware or operating software.

**NOTE:** Indicates useful information.

## Optical Disk Drives

Throughout this document, optical disk drives mean:

1. CD-R/RW with DVD-ROM drive
2. DVD-ROM drive
3. DVD Super MULTI drive
4. DVD-Combo drive
5. DVD-RAM drive

Supported drives differ depending on the server model.

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## 0. Introduction

This document provides step-by-step guidance for installing Windows Server 2012 on the Express5800 Series servers.

**Before you install Windows Server 2012, read this document carefully.**

### Supported Models

The following models are supported by this document.

<b>Model Names</b>	Express5800/R120d-1M, R120d-2M
	Express5800/GT110e, GT110e-S, R110e-1E

### Scope of OS Editions

You can install the following Windows operating systems (editions) with this guide. Windows Server 2012 is **64-bit(x64) only**.

<b>Expression in this document</b>	<b>Edition name</b>
Windows Server 2012	Windows Server 2012 Standard
	Windows Server 2012 Datacenter

### In-place Upgrade to Windows Server 2012

Performing an in-place upgrade from Windows Server 2008 R2 or Windows Server 2008 (x64) to Windows Server 2012 **is not recommended** because this may adversely affect files and the registry.

If you want to use Windows Server 2012, please read this document and back-up necessary user files prior to installation.

**NOTE:** An In-place Upgrade refers to upgrading the operating system to Windows Server 2012 by overwriting the existing operating system, Windows Server 2008 R2 or Windows Server 2008(x64), on the same server hardware.

### Install Options

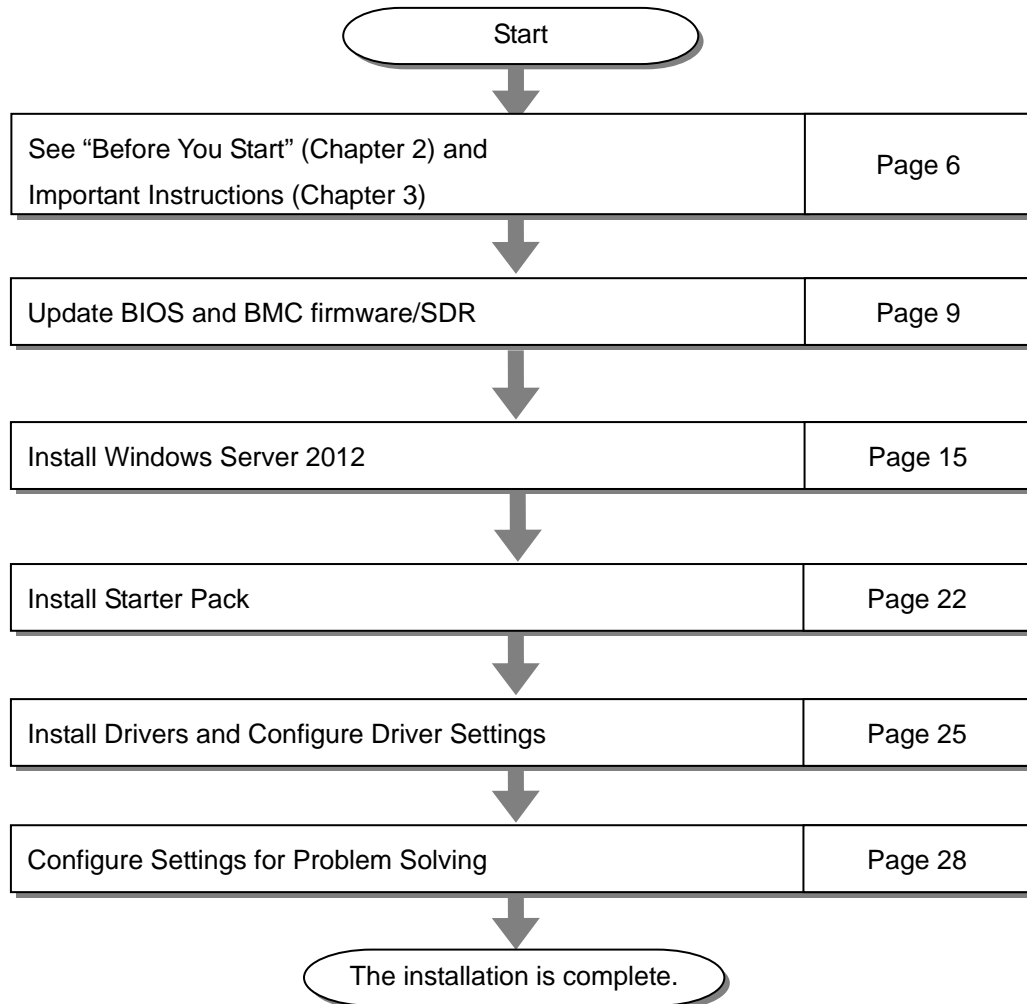
Converting one install option (Server Core Installation, Server with a GUI, or Minimal Server Interface) to another after installing Windows Server 2012 **is not recommended** because this may adversely affect drivers and applications.

**NOTE:** The “Server with a GUI” option is the Windows Server 2012 equivalent of the “Full Installation” option available in Windows Server 2008 R2.

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## 1. Overview

When you install Windows Server 2012, be sure to select “clean installation” referring to the procedure below.



If you need to install applications after installing the operating system, refer to the application installation guides.

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## 2. Before You Start

Before installing Windows Server 2012, check the hardware environment (disk array configuration, etc.) referring to the User's Guide and other documents included on the EXPRESSBUILDER DVD.

### Preparation for Operating System Installation

Make sure that you have all the following modules and documents.

- **Starter Pack for Windows Server 2012** ("Starter Pack")

Module Name	<b>WS2012.10-001.01.zip</b>
Supported Models	Express5800/R120d-1M, R120d-2M
	Express5800/GT110e, GT110e-S, R110e-1E

- **Operating system installation media**  
Either of the following media should be purchased separately.
  - **Operating system installation media produced by NEC**  
("Backup DVD")
  - **Operating system installation media produced by Microsoft**  
("Windows Server 2012 DVD-ROM")
- **Windows Server® 2012 Installation Guide** (this document)
- Accessories for Express5800 Series Servers
  - **EXPRESSBUILDER DVD** ("EXPRESSBUILDER")

#### NOTE:

- For the details about the Starter Pack, See "Downloading" section. For copying the Starter Pack, prepare an optical disk.
- You can find the document in EXPRESSBUILDER. To open the document, select "Read Document" on the menu.

## Supported Mass Storage Controllers

The Starter Pack supports the following mass storage controllers.

	R120d-1M	R120d-2M	GT110e	GT110e-S	R110e-1E
<b>Starter Pack supports operating system installation with the following RAID Controllers</b>					
N8103-149 RAID Controller (512MB, RAID 0/1)	○	○	○	○	○
N8103-150 RAID Controller (512MB, RAID 0/1/5/6)	○	○	○	○	○
N8103-151 RAID Controller (1GB, RAID 0/1/5/6)	○	○	○	○	○
N8103-152 RAID Controller (1GB, RAID 0/1/5/6)	○	○	—	—	○
N8103-167 RAID Controller (1GB, RAID 0/1/5/6)	—	—	—	○	—
<b>Other Options</b>					
N8103-160 RAID Controller (1GB, RAID 0/1/5/6)	○	○	—	—	○
N8190-153 Fibre Channel Controller (1ch)(8Gbps/Optical)	○	○	—	—	○
N8190-154 Fibre Channel Controller (2ch)(8Gbps/Optical)	○	○	—	—	○

○ : Supported

— : Not Supported

## Downloads

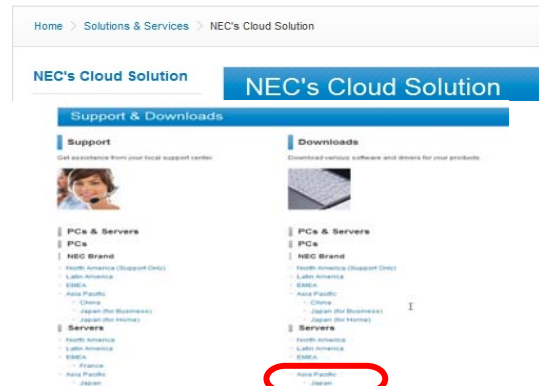
Before you start installing Windows Server 2012, download the Starter Pack applicable to your system following the steps below.

<Steps for Downloading>

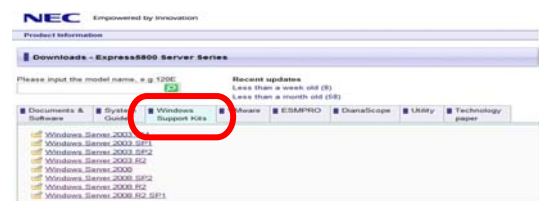
- 1 Go to NEC Corporation Web site at <http://www.nec.com/>.  
Click "Support and Downloads."



- 2 Under "Downloads," find "Service" and click "Asia Pacific."



- 3 On "Downloads - Express5800 Server Series" page, click "Windows Support Kits" tab.



- 5 On "NEC Express5800 Server Series Microsoft® Windows Server® 2012 Support Kit" page, select the appropriate model name on the list of supported models.



- 6 Scroll down to "Windows Server 2012 Support Kit" section and download the module.

After downloading the Starter Pack, unzip the file in any folder (e.g. C:\TEMP) on the hardware. Folders which include double-byte characters or spaces in their names cannot be specified.

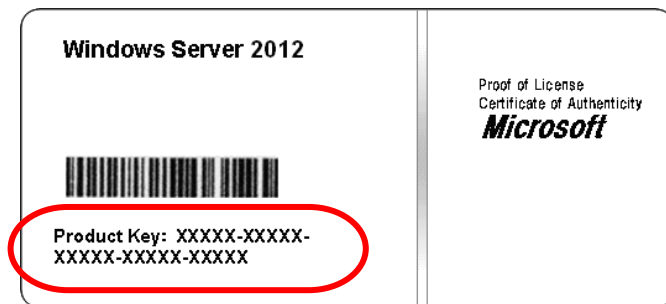
If you copy the Starter Pack to an optical disk such as a DVD, copy all the files and folders without changing the structure.

**NOTE:** If you use a DVD, write the data in a format compatible with Windows operating system.

After copying the modules, delete all the files and unzipped folders on the hardware.

### 3. Important Instructions

Before you install Windows Server 2012, read this chapter carefully.

Points to be checked	
<b>Windows Activation</b>	<p>To activate Windows Server 2012, enter the Product Key written on the COA (Certificate of Authenticity) label.</p> <p>The COA label of Windows Server 2012 is attached to the operating system media package or the server.</p> <p>See chapter 8 of this document, “Activating Windows,” for details.</p> <div data-bbox="655 607 1324 909"></div>
<b>Starter Pack</b>	<p>The Starter Pack includes the necessary drivers for the Express5800 Series. Be sure to install Starter Pack.</p>
<b>BIOS Update</b>	<p>A BIOS update may be required to install Windows Server 2012.</p> <p>To see if your system needs a BIOS update, go to NEC Corporation Web site at <a href="http://www.nec.com/express/">http://www.nec.com/express/</a>.</p> <p>For the update procedure, refer to “Readme.txt” included in the downloaded data or instructions shown on the above web site when downloading the module.</p>
<b>BMC Firmware/SDR Updates</b>	<p>BMC Firmware/SDR updates may be required to install Windows Server 2012.</p> <p>To see if your system needs BMC firmware/ SDR updates, go to NEC Corporation Website at <a href="http://www.nec.com/express/">http://www.nec.com/express/</a>.</p> <p>For the update procedures, refer to “Readme.txt” included in the downloaded data or instructions shown on the above web site shown when downloading the modules.</p>

<b>Hardware Configurations to be noted</b>	<p>Special steps should be taken in environments with the following hard disk configurations.</p>
	<p><b>Setup on a computer that has multiple physical drives</b></p> <p>When you install Windows Server 2012, disk drive numbers displayed on the screen may not correspond to the actual slot locations. Select the install location by <b><u>disk capacity or partition size</u></b>. If you select the incorrect disk drive, existing data may be deleted unexpectedly.</p> <div style="background-color: #e6f2ff; padding: 10px; border: 1px solid #000080;"> <p><b>IMPORTANT: Refer to the Microsoft Website for details.</b>  <a href="http://support.microsoft.com/kb/937251/en-us">http://support.microsoft.com/kb/937251/en-us</a></p> </div>
	<p><b>Installation on a mirrored volume</b></p> <p>When you install Windows Server 2012 in an environment with a mirrored volume created using Windows, disable mirroring before installing the operating system and enable it again after the installation.</p> <p>To create, clear or delete mirrored volumes, select [Computer Management] - [Disk Management] .</p>
	<p><b>Peripheral Devices such as RDX/MO</b></p> <p>Remove RDX and MO devices before starting the installation. Some other peripheral devices may have to be hibernated. Refer to each peripheral device's manual and take appropriate the actions.</p>
	<p><b>Media such as DAT/LTO</b></p> <p>Do not set DAT and LTO media while performing an installation.</p>
	<p><b>Re-installation on an Upgraded Dynamic Disk</b></p> <p>If you upgrade the disk drive for the operation system to Dynamic Disk, you cannot re-install the operating system and keep existing partitions. In this case, you have to perform a clean installation.</p>
	<p><b>Setup on a system with a large memory</b></p> <p>If your system has large memory, the paging file size required for the installation is larger and consequently the partition for debug information (dump file) may be smaller than required. If the dump file size is not large enough, perform a clean installation and create a partition where debug information is written on another hard disk drive, following the steps below.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Set the system partition size to a size sufficient to install the operating system and paging file.</li> <li>2. Specify settings for writing debug information (as large as the required dump file size) on another hard disk drive referring to Chapter 7 in this document, "Setting for Problem Solving."</li> </ol> <p>If hard disk drives do not have enough space to write dump file, add another disk drive after installation.</p>

**CHECK:** If the partition for Windows operating system is smaller than what is required to install the operating system and paging file, expand the partition size or add a larger disk.

If the paging file of sufficient size cannot be reserved, configure either of the following settings.

- **Create the paging file for collecting debug information on a drive other than the system drive.**

This creates a paging file whose size is larger than installed memory plus 400 MB on a drive other than the system drive.

Debug information is stored temporarily in a paging file created on the drive with first drive letter alphabetically (C, D, E, etc.), so this file should be larger than installed memory size plus 400 MB. A paging file in a dynamic volume cannot be used for memory dump.

**[ Correct Example ]**

**C : No paging file**  
**D : Paging file of a size larger than installed memory plus 400MB**

-> The paging file in D drive is larger than installed memory plus 400MB, so debug information can be collected using the paging file in D drive.

**[ Wrong Example 1 ]**

**C : Paging file of a size smaller than installed memory plus 400MB**  
**D : Paging file of a size larger than installed memory plus 400MB**

-> The paging file in C drive is used for memory dump, but this may fail because the paging file size is smaller than installed memory.

**[ Wrong Example 2 ]**

**C : Paging file of half the size of installed memory**  
**D : Paging file of half the size of installed memory**  
**E : 400MB of paging file**

-> Although the total size of paging files is larger than installed memory size plus 400 MB, memory dump may fail because only the paging file in C drive can be used for collecting debug information.

**[Wrong Example 3]**

**C : No paging file**  
**D : Paging file of a size larger than installed memory plus 400MB (D drive is a dynamic volume.)**

-> As D drive is a dynamic volume, the paging file in D drive cannot be used for the memory dump and debug information cannot be collected.

- **Configure a “Dedicated Dump File” on a drive other than the system drive.**

Create a registry entry as follows using a registry editor and specify the name of Dedicated Dump File.

<e.g., Specifying the file name as “dedicateddumpfile.sys” on D drive>

Key	: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM \CurrentControlSet\Control\CrashControl
Name	: DedicatedDumpFile
Type	: REG_SZ
Data	: D:\dedicateddumpfile.sys

Note the following for configuring a Dedicated Dump File.

- Pay extra attention when you edit registry.
- You need to reboot your system to activate the new setting.
- Specify a drive with free space larger than installed memory plus 400 MB.
- You cannot configure Dedicated Dump File on a dynamic volume.
- At least a paging file is required on any drive to perform memory dump using Dedicated Dump File.
- Dedicated Dump File is used only for a memory dump, and is not used as virtual memory. Set the total paging file size for all drives large enough for virtual memory.

## System Partition Size

Use the following formula to calculate the total partition size required for Window Server 2012.

Size required to install OS + paging file size + Dump file size + Application size

### [Server with a GUI]

Size required to install OS	= 9,400MB
Paging file size (recommended)	= Installed memory size x 1.5
Dump file size	= Installed memory size + 400MB
Application size	= Required size

### [Server Core Installation]

Size required to install OS	= 6,300MB
Paging file size (recommended)	= Installed memory size x 1.5
Dump file size	= Installed memory size + 400MB
Application size	= Required size

For example, when the installed memory size is 1GB (1,024MB) and you choose Server with a GUI installation, the total partition size required will be as follows;

$9,400\text{MB} + (1,024\text{MB} \times 1.5) + 1,024\text{MB} + 400\text{MB} + \text{Application size} = 12,360\text{MB} + \text{Application size}.$

The size calculated by the above formula is the minimum size required to install Windows Server 2012. To keep operation stable, creating a larger partition for installing the operating system is recommended.

The recommended size for each installation is as follows;

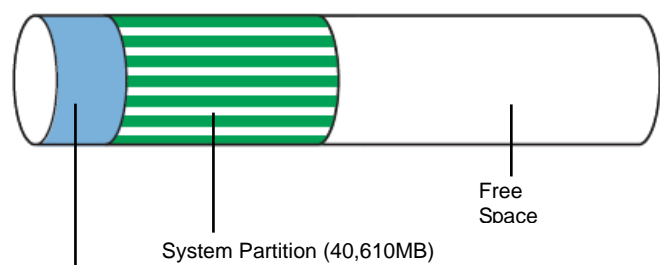
**Server with a GUI : 32,768MB (32GB) and over**  
**Server Core Installation : 32,768MB (32GB) and over**

\*1GB = 1,024MB

### CHECK:

- The paging file size mentioned above is the recommended size for collecting debug information (memory dump). In the boot drive, there should be a paging file with an initial size large enough to store the dump file.  
If the paging file size is not large enough, debug information may not be collected correctly due to low virtual memory. Therefore, set the total paging file size for all drives large enough.
- Regardless of the size of installed memory and write debugging information (type of memory dump), the maximum size of the dump file is "installed memory size plus 400MB."
- If you install other applications, add the necessary disk space to the partition.

If the partition to install Window Server 2012 is smaller than the recommended size, make the partition size large enough or add a disk drive.

	<p><b>NOTE:</b> When a new partition is created, 350MB of disk space at the front of the drive is allocated to the boot partition by the Windows operating system.</p> <p>Example: If you create a partition of 40,960MB (40GB), usable space will be 40,960MB - 350MB = 40,610MB .</p>  <p>Boot Partition (350MB) The boot partition is not recognized by the operating system.</p>
<p><b>Windows Server 2012 Hyper-V Support</b></p>	<p>Refer to the following page for the details about support for Windows Server 2012 Hyper-V.</p> <p><a href="http://www.58support.nec.co.jp/global/download/w2012/hyper-v/hyper-v-ws2012.html">http://www.58support.nec.co.jp/global/download/w2012/hyper-v/hyper-v-ws2012.html</a></p>
<p><b>Use of BitLocker</b></p>	<p>Note the following when you use BitLocker:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Be sure to keep the recovery password in a secure location. Do not keep it near the server running BitLocker.</li> </ul> <div data-bbox="678 1218 1428 1464" style="background-color: #e6f2ff; padding: 10px;"> <p><b>IMPORTANT:</b> Without the recovery password, you cannot boot the operating system nor can you access the contents in a partition encrypted by BitLocker. The recovery password may be required when you reboot the operating system after performing the following tasks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Replacing the motherboard</li> <li>- Initializing the TPM</li> <li>- Changing the BIOS settings</li> </ul> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Windows Server 2012 cannot be installed in a partition encrypted by BitLocker. If you re-install Windows Server 2012, delete the partition encrypted by BitLocker prior to the installation.</li> </ul>

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## 4. Installing Windows Server 2012

This chapter lists the steps to install Windows Server 2012.

**CHECK:** Read chapter 3 of this document “Important Instructions” before you start the installation.

1. Turn on your display and server in that order.

**IMPORTANT:** If you need to update the BIOS, refer to “BIOS Update” section in chapter 3.

2. Insert the Backup DVD or the Windows Server 2012 DVD-ROM into your DVD-ROM drive.
3. Restart the system.  
To restart the system, press **Ctrl + Alt + Del** or turn off the system once and then turn it on again.
4. The DVD-ROM starts.

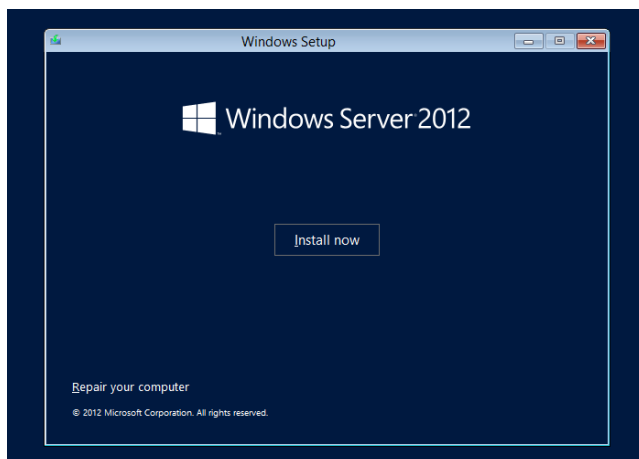
If an operating system has been installed already, the following message will appear:  
“Press any key to boot from CD or DVD...”  
Press **Enter** to boot from the DVD-ROM.

**CHECK:** If the Windows Setup screen does not appear, it means that **Enter** key has not been pressed correctly. In this case, you should restart the system.

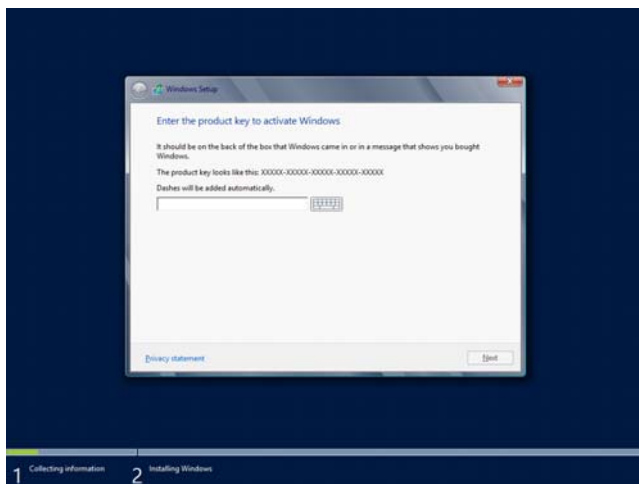
5. Select a language and other preferences and click “Next” to continue.  
Here, select [English (United States)].



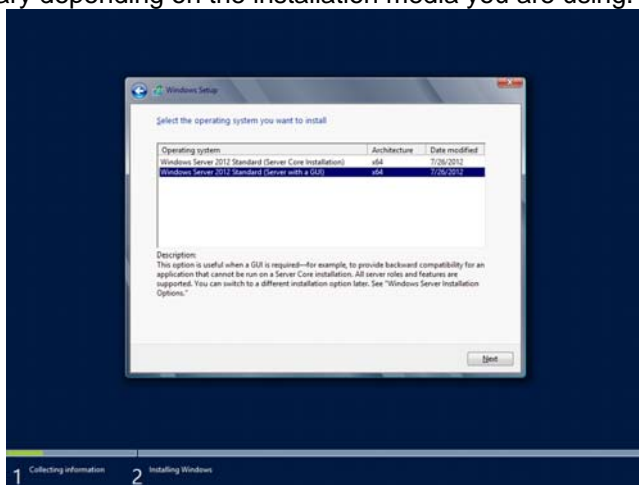
6. Click "Install now."



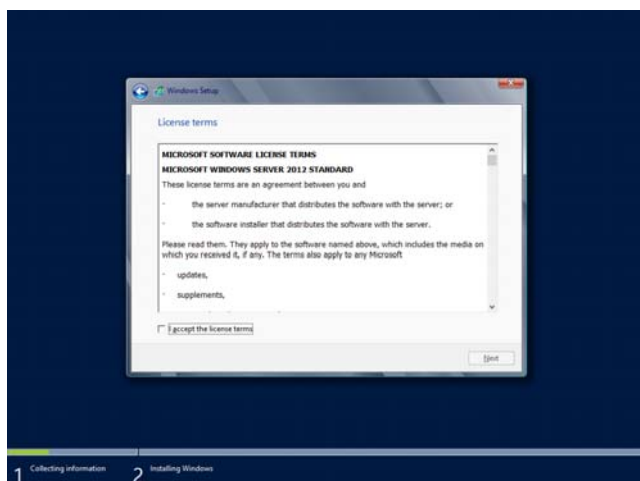
7. Enter the product key and click "Next."  
If you are using the Backup DVD, this screen does not appear. Go straight to the next step.



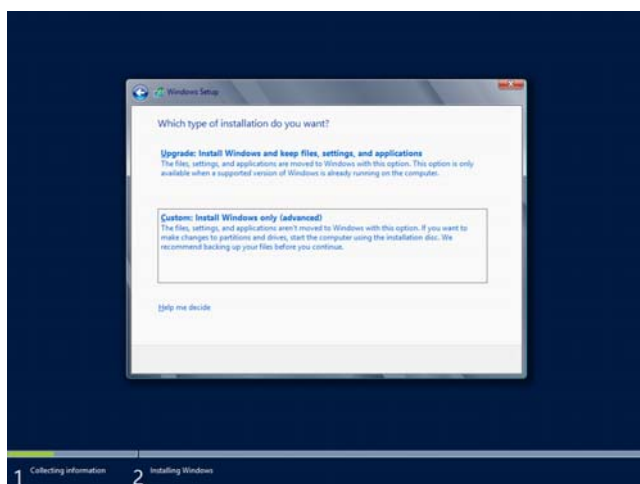
8. Select the operating system you want to install and click "Next."  
The options listed on the screen vary depending on the installation media you are using.



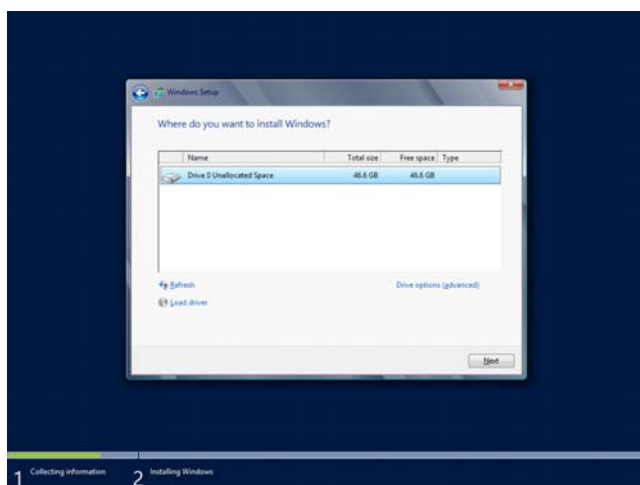
9. Read the license terms carefully. If you agree, check “I accept the license terms” and click “Next.”



10. Select the type of installation you want.  
“Custom: Install Windows only (advanced)” is selected below.

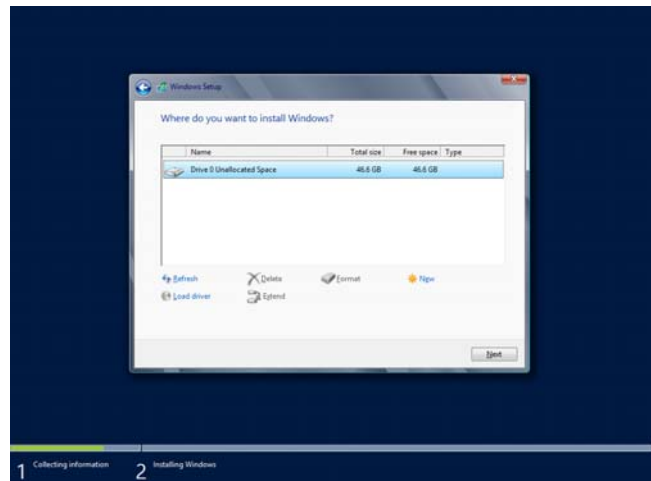


11. If this is the initial installation of an operating system, click “Drive options (advanced).”

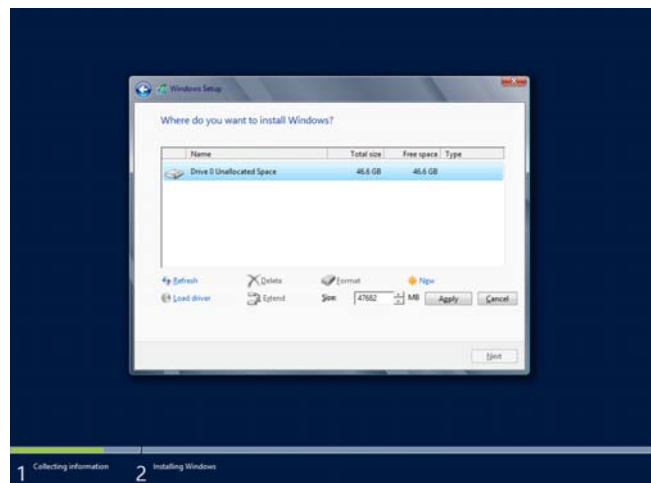


If an operating system has been installed already, go to the next step.  
If a partition for Windows Server 2012 has been created already, go to step 15.

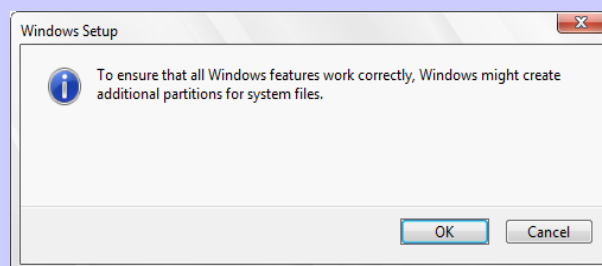
12. Click “New.”



13. Specify the partition size and click “Apply.”

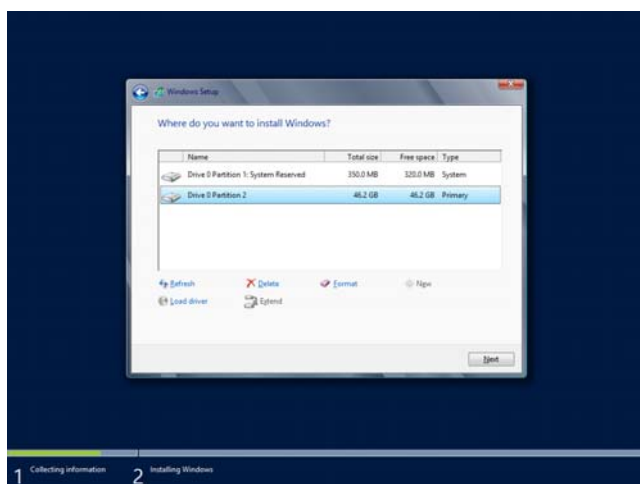


**NOTE:** When a new partition is created, 350MB of disk space is assigned as boot partition automatically. Click “OK” on the screen below.



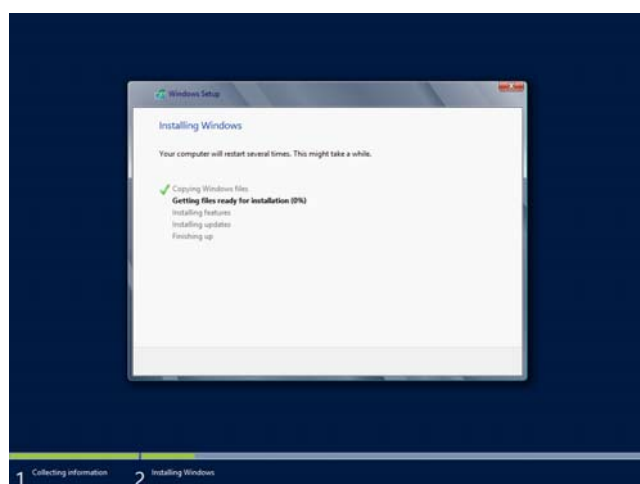
14. Select the partition created in step 13 and click “Format.”

15. Select the partition you created and click “Next.”

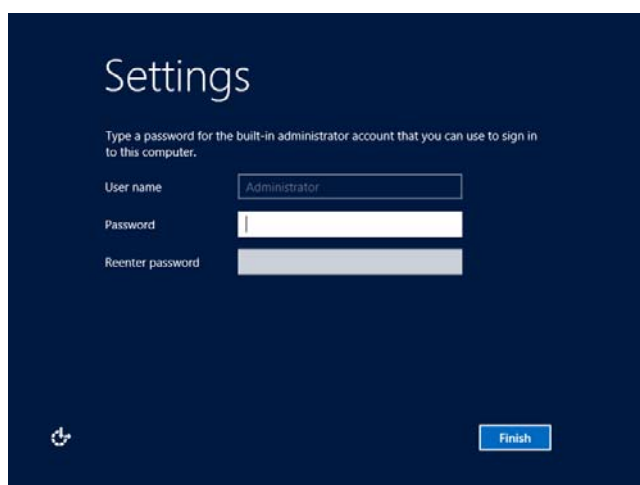


**NOTE:** The number of partitions varies depending on the environment of your system.

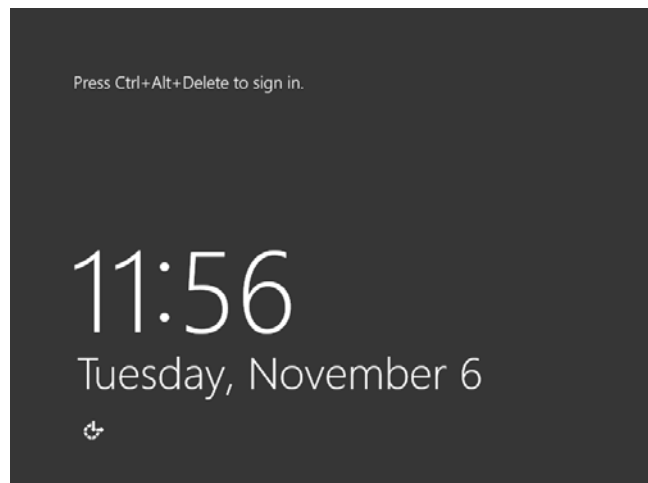
The following message appears and the installation starts automatically.



16. Type a password and click “Finish.”



17. To sign-in to Windows Server 2012, press **Ctrl + Alt + Del** on the screen below.



18. Type the password and press **Enter**.

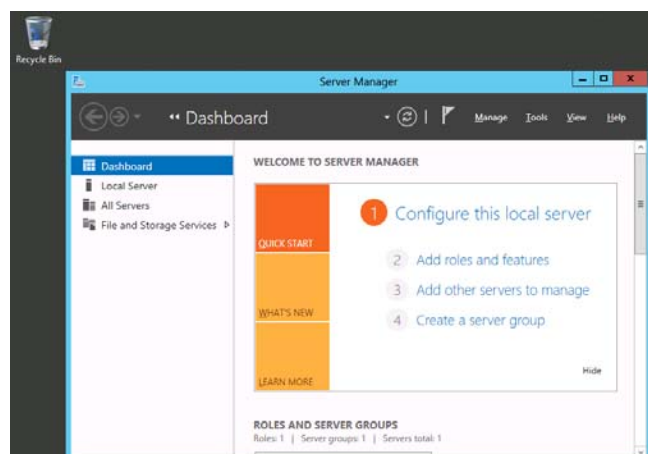


Windows Server 2012 starts.

19. Follow the appropriate steps depending on the option you selected at step 8.

### **Server with a GUI**

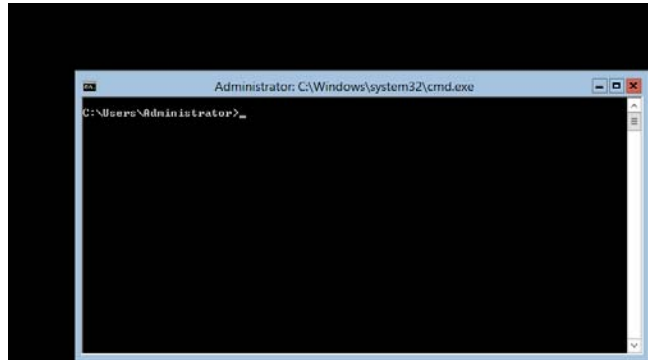
In the Dashboard, enter user information.



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## Server Core Installation

At the command prompt, enter user information.



**NOTE:** Refer to Microsoft Website for more details.  
“Configure and Manage Server Core Installations”

<http://technet.microsoft.com/us-en/library/jj574091.aspx>  
(as of Jan. 31, 2013)

20. See chapter 5 “Installing Starter Pack” and follow the instructions.
21. See chapter 6 “Installing Drivers and Configuring Driver Settings” and follow the instructions.
22. See chapter 7 “Configuring Settings for Problem Solving” and follow the instructions.

The installation is complete.

## 5. Installing Starter Pack

Starter Packs contains drivers customized for the Express5800 Series.

**Before using your system, be sure to apply necessary modules to run Windows Server 2012 (Starter Pack) dedicated for supported models.** A Starter Pack can be used only for the supported models.

If you need to download Starter Pack, see “Downloading” in chapter 2.

**IMPORTANT:** You should apply Starter Pack if you have:

- **Changed the system configuration**  
(Added or removed an optional built-in device. If you are prompted to restart the system after changing the system configuration, press “No” and apply the Starter Pack.)
- **Recovered the system by using a recovery process.**
- **Restored the system by using a backup tool.**

**CHECK:** Installing Starter Pack disables the Scalable Networking Pack (SNP) function. If you want to enable SNP function, refer to the following Web site.

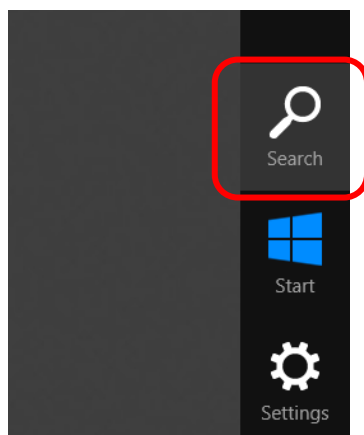
<http://www.nec.com/en/global/prod/express/>

1. Sign-in to the system using the built-in administrator account (or an account with administrative rights).

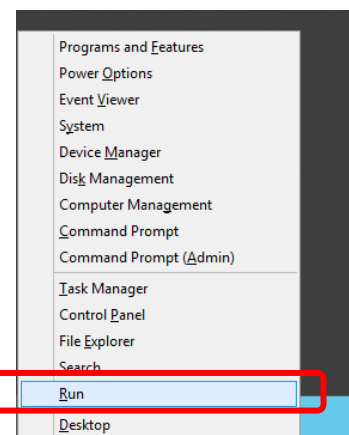
If you use the Starter Pack on a DVD, place the media into the disk drive.

2. Click “Search” on the charm bar.  
Or select “Run” on the menu that appears when you right click on the lower left corner of the screen.)

“Search”



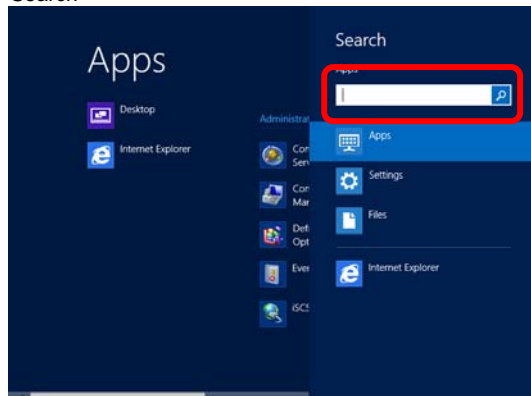
“Run”



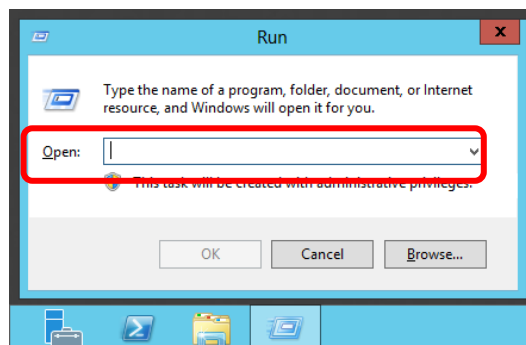
3. Enter the following path and press **Enter**.  
*<drive letter>:\winnt\bin\pkgsetup.vbs*

A path which includes double-byte characters or the space character cannot be used here.

“Search”



“Run”



**NOTE:** For example, the Starter Pack is stored in “temp” folder in drive D.

- **Server with a GUI**

Enter “*D:\temp\winnt\bin\pkgsetup.vbs*” and press **Enter**.

- **Server Core Installation**

(1) At the command prompt, enter the following command to specify drive D.

**cd /d D:\temp\winnt\bin**

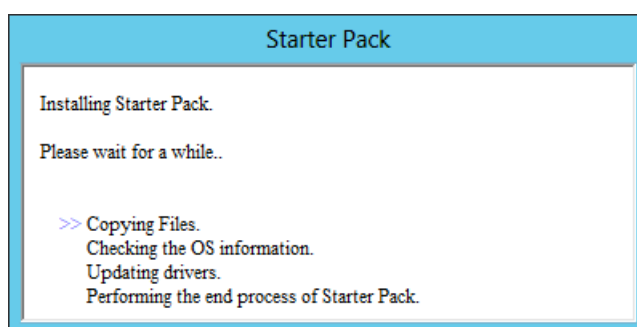
**C:\Users\administrator>cd /d D:\temp\winnt\bin**

(2) Enter the following command, and press **Enter**. **pkgsetup.vbs**

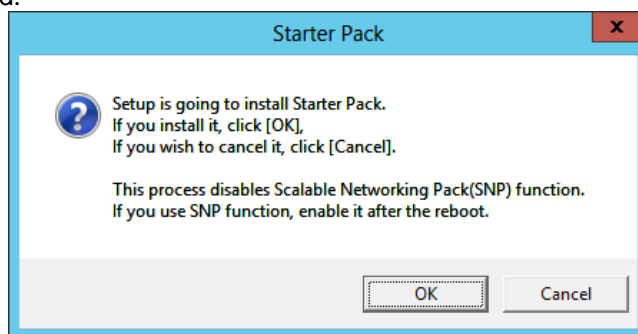
**D:\temp\winnt\bin>pkgsetup.vbs**

Wait until the file copy is complete. (About 1-3minute(s).)

For a **Server with a GUI**, the following message appears while Starter Pack is being installed.



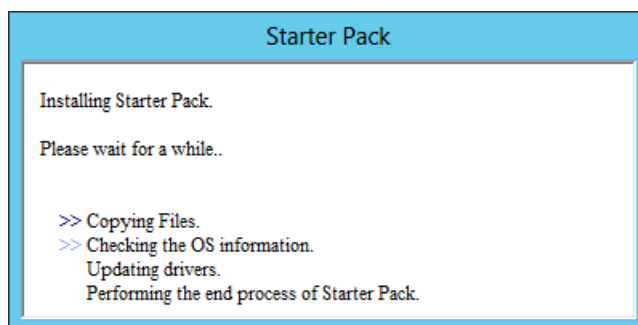
4. Read the message in the following box and click "OK."  
The Starter Pack is going to be installed.



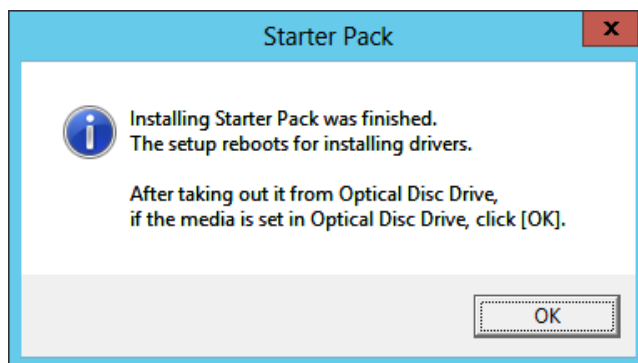
Wait until the installation of the Starter Pack is complete. (About 3 – 5 minutes.)

**CHECK:** While the Starter Pack is being installed, the screen may black out for a moment or the screen resolution may change. This is not a problem. When the installation of graphics drivers is complete, the drivers are switched to the new ones automatically.

For only a Server with a GUI, the following message appears while the Starter Pack is being installed.



5. When the following message appears, the installation of the Starter Pack is complete.



If you used a Starter Pack written on an optical disk such as DVD, follow the message to eject the disk.

6. Click "OK" to restart the system.

The Starter Pack has been installed.

---

## 6. Installing Drivers and Configuring Driver Settings

Drivers should be installed and configured as needed.

For details on the drivers that are not covered here, see the manual for each driver.

### LAN Driver

The standard LAN driver is installed automatically when installing the Starter Pack.  
Use a Starter Pack when you need to repair or re-configure your system.

#### IMPORTANT:

- The NIC Teaming feature is not supported.
- Only the standard network adapter is supported for Wake On LAN.  
When Fast startup setting is enabled, Wake ON LAN from shutdown state is not supported.  
(If Fast startup mode is not available on your system, Fast startup option is not listed.)  
How to check settings for fast startup;  
1.Click "System and Security" in "Control Panel"  
2.Click "Power Options" in "System and Security".  
3.Click "Choose what the power button does" in "Power Options" to Open "System Settings".  
4.Check the item of the "Shutdown setting".

#### CHECK:

- To change the LAN driver settings, sign-in to the system from a local console using an administrator account. Operations using Remote Desktop feature or other remote control tools are not supported.
- To set an IP address, make sure that the Internet Protocol Version (TCP/IP) box is checked.

### LAN Drivers of Optional LAN Boards (N8104-128/132/133/135/137/138)

The LAN drivers of optional LAN boards (N8104-128/132/133/135/137/138) are installed automatically when installing the Starter Pack. If you install a LAN board (N8104-128/132/133/135/137/138) after installing Starter Pack, the driver will be installed automatically by the Plug and Play feature of the operating system.

### Network Adapter Name

The following are the names of the standard network adapter and adapters of optional LAN boards (N8104-128/132/133/138) and riser cards (N8104-135/137).

- Standard Network Adapter  
Broadcom NetXtreme Gigabit Ethernet #xx(\*1)
- Optional LAN boards  
[N8104-128] Broadcom BCM57711 NetXtreme II 10 GigE (NDIS VBD Client) #xx(\*1)  
[N8104-132/133/138] Broadcom NetXtreme Gigabit Ethernet #xx(\*1)
- Optional Riser Cards  
[N8104-135] Broadcom NetXtreme Gigabit Ethernet #xx(\*1)  
[N8104-137] Broadcom BCM57810 NetXtreme II 10 GigE (NDIS VBD Client) #xx(\*1)

(\*1)If there are multiple network adapters with the same name, "XX" shows its identifying number assigned.

---

**NOTE:** In the case of N8104-128/137, the identifying number may be larger than a two-digit number, which is by design and not a problem. The number cannot be changed.

## Settings for N8104-132/133/135/138

If you use N8104-132/133/135/138, follow these steps.

1. Double-click on the following file in the Starter Pack.

`<drive letter>:\winnt\ws2012\lan1\bcom\ws2012\lan\pgdyavd_disable.vbs`

2. When the following message appears, click "OK" to continue.

Configuration Completed  
[Option:PopUp RLV Disabled(Action:Done)]  
Reboot the system

3. Restart the system.

The settings are complete.

## Setting up LAN drivers

Follow the procedure below to specify the transfer rate and duplex mode.

### IMPORTANT:

- **Using N8104-128/137**  
**When a setup of the network adapter is "10 Gb Full",**  
**Setting of the switching hub is "Auto Negotiation", there is no problem.**

1. Open the Device Manager.
2. Expand Network Adapters, and then double-click the name of the network adapter you want to set. The properties of the network adapter will be displayed.
3. Select the Advanced tab, and then set the Speed & Duplex values to the same as those of the switching hub.
4. Click [OK] and then restart the system.

The settings are complete.

---

## **RAID Controller (N8103-160)**

If you use RAID Controller (N8103-160), the driver will be installed automatically by the Plug and Play feature of the operating system.

## **Graphics Accelerator Driver**

The standard Graphics Accelerator driver is installed automatically by the Starter Pack. After the Starter Pack has been installed, the screen may display incorrectly when the monitor is recovering from the power save mode. Disable the power save mode on the monitor.

## **Fibre Channel Controller (N8190-153/154)**

If you use Fibre Channel Controller (N8190-153/154), the driver will be installed automatically by the Plug and Play feature of the operating system.

## 7. Configure Settings for Problem Solving

In case of a problem, configure the following settings to recover your system promptly and precisely.

### Memory Dump (Debug Information)

This section describes the steps to configure settings for collecting the memory dump (debug information).

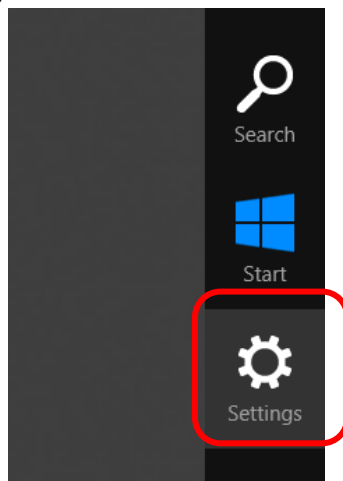
#### IMPORTANT:

- The maintenance service representative is in charge of collecting the memory dump. Customers need only to configure settings for collecting memory dump.
- When you restart your computer to save the memory dump, you may receive a message that says the system is low on virtual memory. In this case, ignore the message and let the boot process continue. If you restart the system again at this point, the memory dump may not be saved correctly.

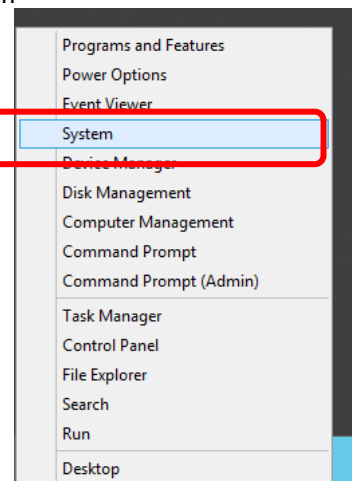
Follow the steps below to specify the settings for collecting the memory dump.

1. Click “Settings” on the charm bar.  
Or select “System” on the menu that appears when you right click on the lower left corner of the screen to get the window.

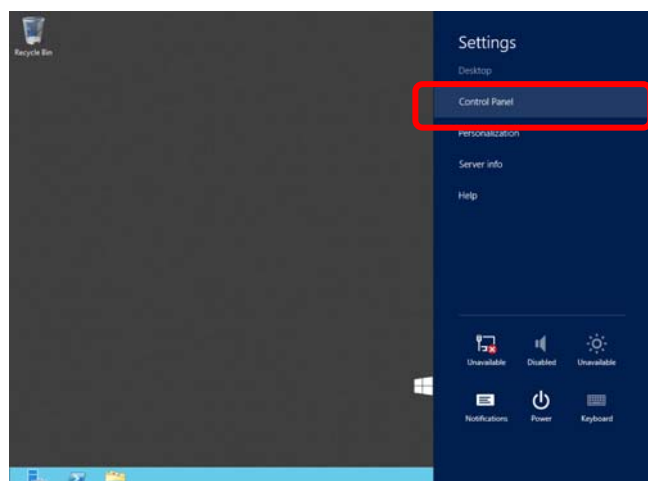
“Settings”



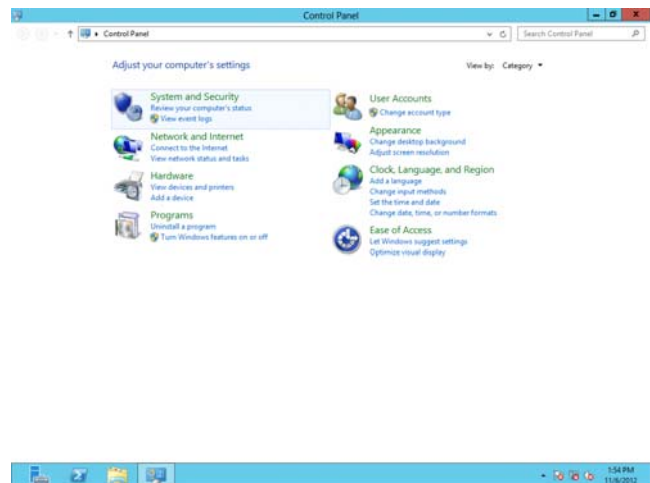
“System”



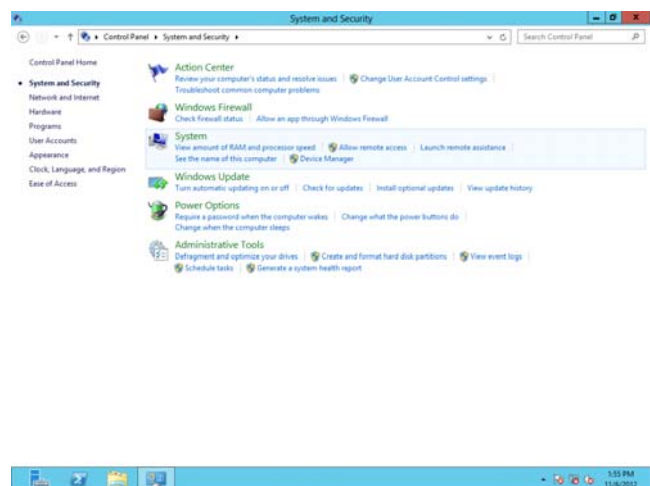
2. Click “Control Panel” in “Settings.”



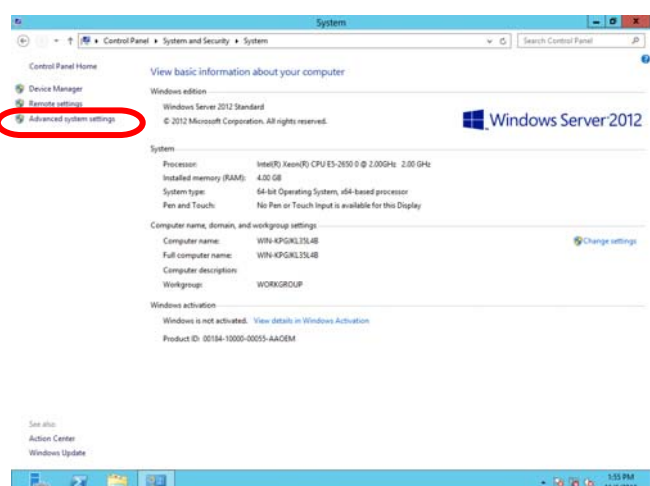
3. Click "System and Security" in "Control Panel."



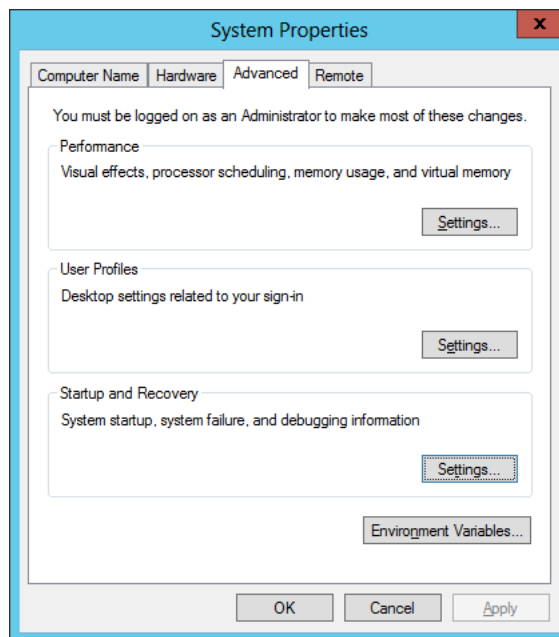
4. Click "System" in "System and Security."



5. Click "Advanced system settings" in "System" to open "System Properties."

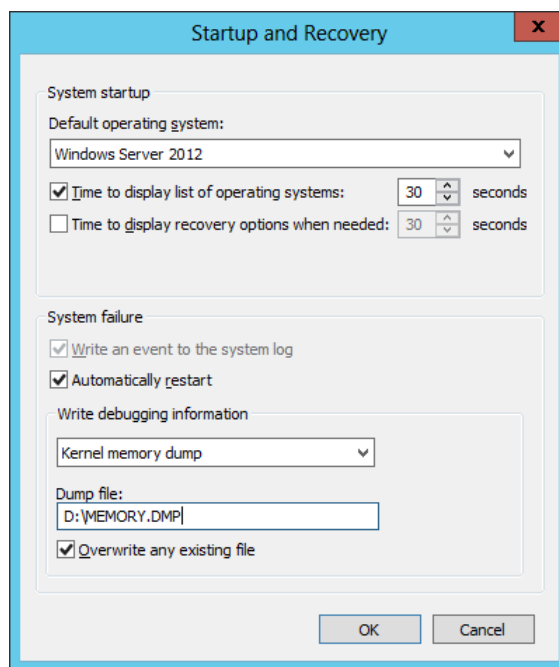


6. Click “Settings...” in “Setup and Recovery.”



7. In the “Dump file:” text box, specify a location to store debug information, and click “OK.”

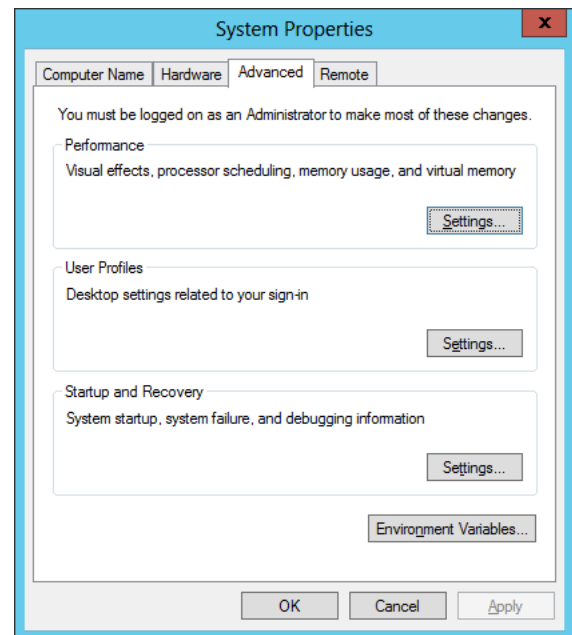
<E.g. Debug information is stored in a file named “MEMORY.DMP” in drive D.>



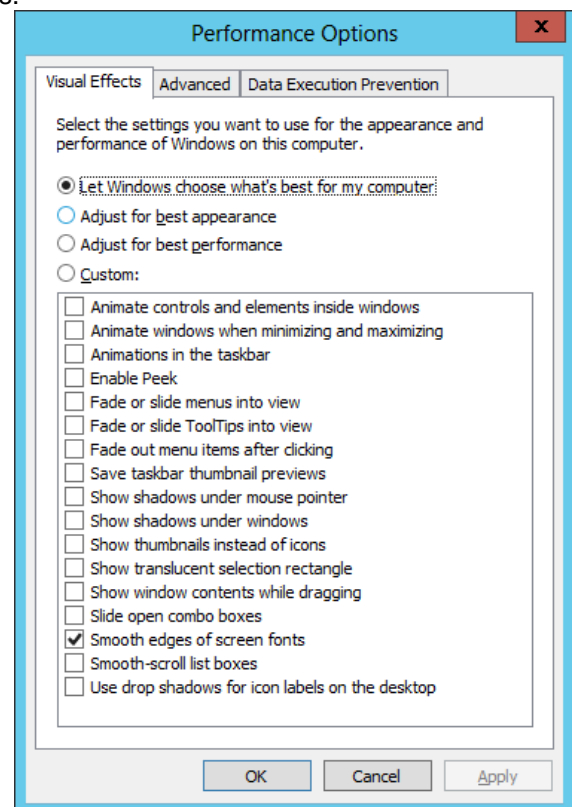
Note the following for configuring the settings for the memory dump.

- “Kernel memory dump” is recommended for “Write debugging information” box.
- Specify a drive with free space larger than installed memory size plus 400 MB.
- If you add more memory, the size of debug information (memory dump) is changed accordingly. Check the amount of free space in the drive where debug information is stored when you add more memory.

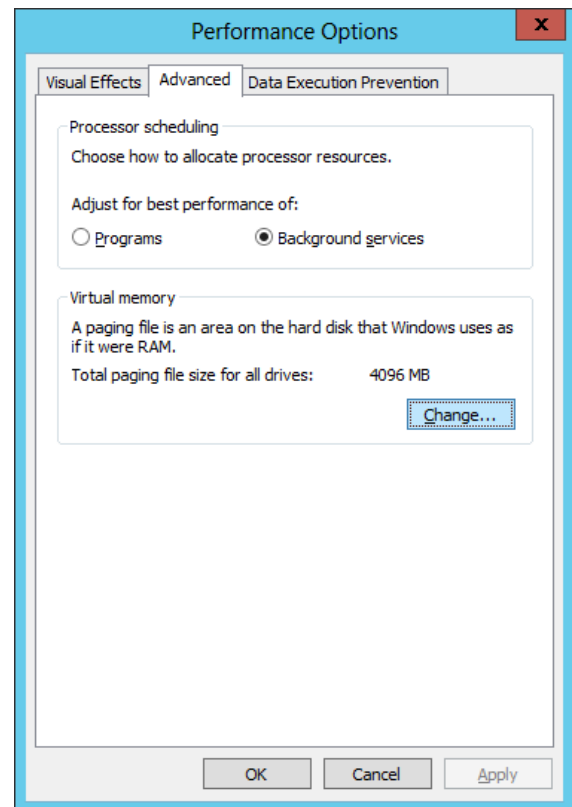
8. Click “Settings...” in “Performance” to open “Performance Options.”



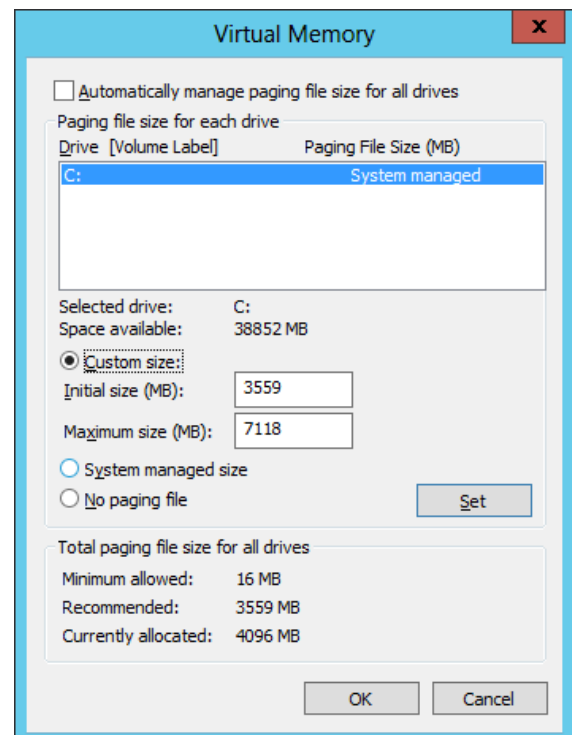
9. Click “Advanced” tab in “Performance Options.”



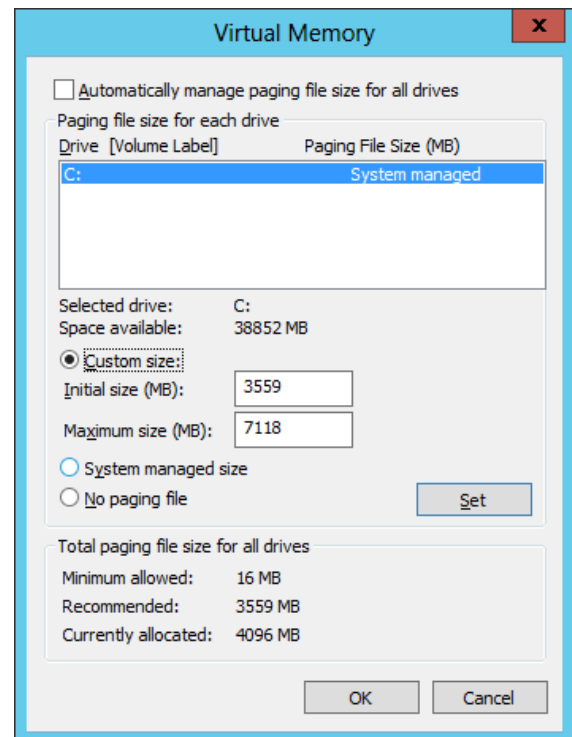
10. Click "Change..." in "Virtual Memory."



11. Uncheck "Automatically manage paging file size for all drives" check box, and check "Custom size."



12. For "Paging file size for each drive," set "Initial size" to a value larger than the recommended size and set "Maximum size" to a value larger than "Initial size," and click "Set."



Note the following for configuring the settings for the paging file.

- The paging file is used for collecting debug information (dump file).
- In the boot drive, there should be a paging file with an initial size large enough to store the dump file (installed memory size plus 400MB.)  
If the paging file size is not large enough, debug information may not be collected correctly due to low virtual memory. Therefore, set the total paging file size for all drives large enough; Installed memory size  $\times 1.5$  is recommended.
- For more information about recommended size, see "System Partition Size" section in chapter 3, "Important Instructions."
- If you add more memory, reconfigure the settings for the paging file correspondingly.

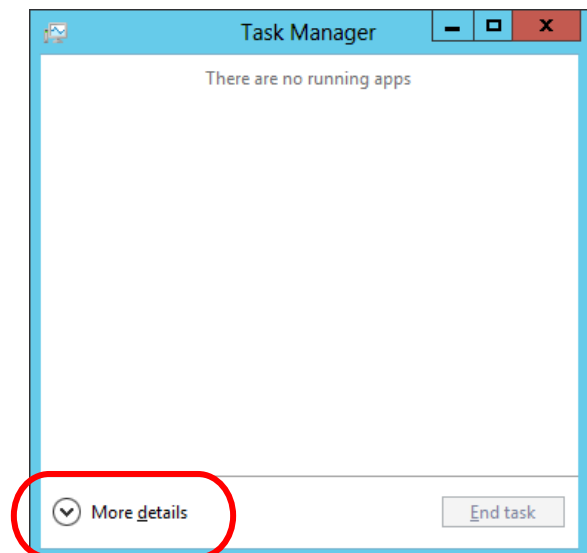
13. Click "OK."  
If you receive a message that says you need to restart your computer, follow the message and restart your system.

The configuration is complete.

## User-mode Process Dump

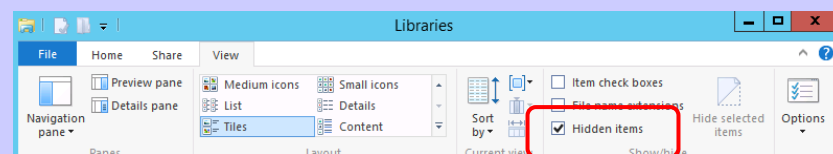
User-mode Process Dump is a file that records error information when an application error occurs. If an application error occurs, do not close the error pop-up window and take the following steps to create a user-mode process dump file.

1. Right-click on the lower left corner of the screen and click "Task Manager" on the menu or press **Ctrl + Shift + Esc** to start Task Manager.
2. Click "More details."



3. Click "Process" tab.
4. Right-click on the name of the process from which you want to collect a dump and click **Create Dump File**.
5. The dump file is stored in the following directory.  
**C:\Users\<User Name>\AppData\Local\Temp**

**NOTE:** The above folder may be marked as hidden. If you cannot find the folder, open File Explorer, click "View" tab and check "Hidden items" checkbox.



Retrieve the user-mode process dump file from the directory specified in step 5.

## 8. Activating Windows

You need to activate Windows Server 2012 to continue to use the system.

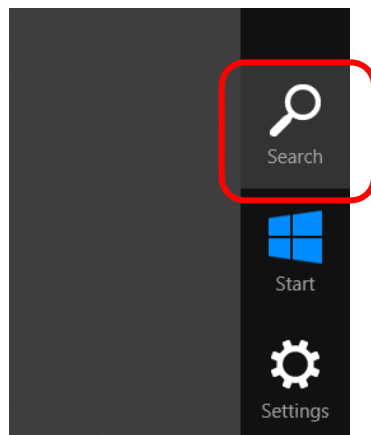
Follow the steps below to check if your operating system has been activated and perform the activation as needed.

Connect to the internet to complete online activation.

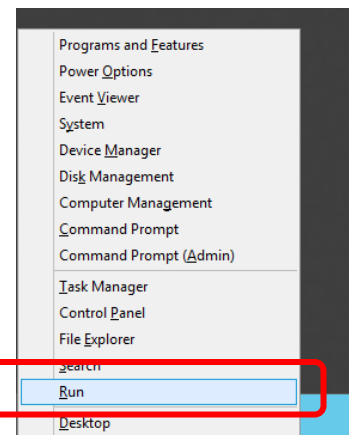
If you are offline, you can activate Windows Server 2012 by calling Microsoft.

### Server with a GUI

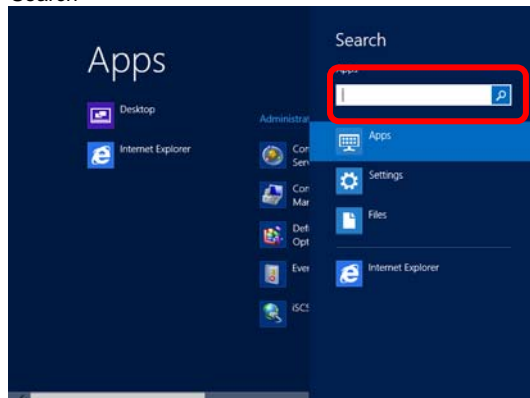
1. Click "Search" on the charm bar.  
(Or, right-click on the lower left corner of the screen, and click "Run.")  
"Search"



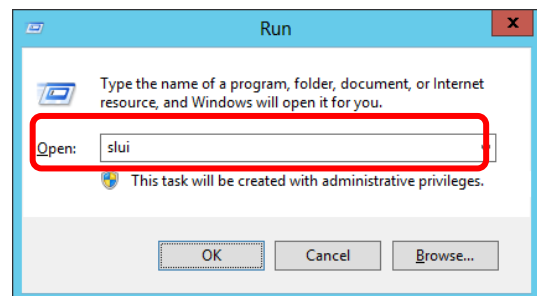
"Run"



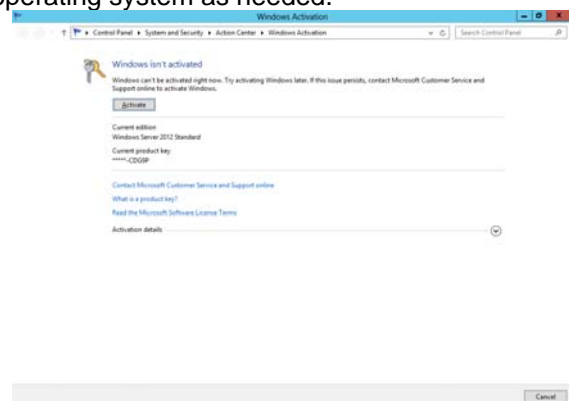
2. Type "slui" in the box, and press **Enter**.  
"Search"



"Run"



3. Check the message shown and activate the operating system as needed.



---

**NOTE:** If your operating system has been activated, you do not need to perform the activation process.

The activation is complete.

## Server Core Installation

1. To check if your operating system has been activated, type the following command at the command prompt and press **Enter**.

```
C:\Users\administrator>slmgr -dli
```

If you need to activate the operating system, go to the next step.

If your operating system has been activated, no additional steps are required.

2. Change the product keys.

### If you used the Backup DVD for installing Windows Server 2012:

Type the following command and press **Enter**.

```
C:\Users\administrator>slmgr -ipk <Product key written on COA label>
```

### If you used the Windows Server 2012 DVD-ROM:

You do not need to change product keys.

Go to the next step.

3. Activate Windows Server 2012.

### If your system is connected to the internet:

Activate Windows Server 2012 via internet.

Type the following command and press **Enter**.

```
C:\Users\administrator>slmgr -ato
```

The activation is complete.

### If your system is not connected to the internet:

Activate Windows Server 2012 by calling Microsoft.

To retrieve the installation ID required for the activation, type the following command and press **Enter**.

```
C:\Users\administrator>slmgr -dti
```

Refer to “%systemroot%\system32\sppui\phone.inf” for the telephone number of Microsoft Product Activation Center.

Call Microsoft Product Activation Center and provide the installation ID to the customer service representative to get a confirmation ID.

Type the confirmation ID in the following command line and press **Enter**.

```
C:\Users\administrator>slmgr -atp <Confirmation ID>
```

The activation is complete.

---

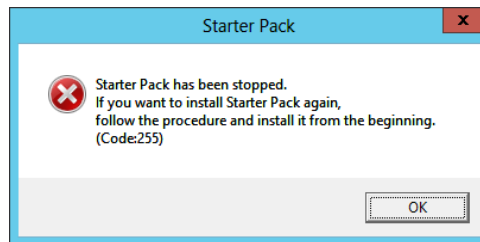
## 9. Troubleshooting

This chapter provides instructions to troubleshoot system problems that you might encounter when using Windows Server 2012. If you are experiencing the problem as listed in this chapter, perform the resolution first before you contact your sales agent.

This chapter only lists events that might occur in Windows Server 2012. For other events, refer to your User's Guide.



**When installing Starter Pack, you receive the following message and cannot continue the installation.**



The Starter Pack may be located in a folder whose name includes double-byte characters or space character.

-> A path which includes double-byte characters or space character is not available in the command line. Change the folder name and install the Starter Pack again.

For instance,

`D:\temp\winnt\bin\pkgsetup.vbs`



**When N8190-153 or 154 are used, the names of the Fibre Channel controllers may appear with different names in Device Manager.**

-> This behavior is not a problem. To display correct controller names, run the following file in the Starter Pack and restart the system.

`<Drive letter>:\winnt\ws2012\elxfc\FriendlyName.exe`



**When you boot your computer from Windows Server 2012 DVD-ROM, "Windows Setup" window does not appear and the computer restarts.**

BIOS may not have been updated.

-> See chapter 3 of this document, "Important Instructions," for more information about updating the BIOS.

## 10. Windows Event Logs

### OS

#### Event Log

ID	Source	Type	Message (Description)
	When you may see the message		Resolution

### Windows Server 2012

#### System Log

4	b57nd60a	Warning	Broadcom NetXtreme Gigabit Ethernet #xx: The network link is down. Check to make sure the network cable is properly connected.
	During OS installation During system boot During Starter Pack installation		If this is recorded during OS installation, during system boot, or Starter Pack installation, it does not affect the operation of the system.
4	l2nd	Warning	Broadcom BCM57711 #xx: The network link is down. Check to make sure the network cable is properly connected.
	During OS installation During system boot During Starter Pack installation		If this is recorded during OS installation, during system boot, or Starter Pack installation, it does not affect the operation of the system.
4	l2nd	Warning	Broadcom BCM57810 #xx: The network link is down. Check to make sure the network cable is properly connected.
	During OS installation During system boot During Starter Pack installation		If this is recorded during OS installation, during system boot, or Starter Pack installation, it does not affect the operation of the system.
46	volmgr	Error	Crash dump initialization failed!
	During OS installation		Go to the following Microsoft website for details. <a href="http://support.microsoft.com/kb/2756313/en-us">http://support.microsoft.com/kb/2756313/en-us</a>
134	Microsoft-Windows-Time-Service	Warning	NtpClient was unable to set a manual peer to use as a time source because of a DNS resolution error on 'time.windows.com,0x9'. NtpClient will try again in 15 minutes and double the reattempt interval thereafter. The error was: No such host is known. (0x80072AF9)
	During OS installation During system boot During Starter Pack installation		If it is not registered after connecting to the Internet, there is no problem with system operation.
7023	Service Control Manager	Error	The Network List Service terminated with the following error: The device is not ready.
	During OS installation		The event may be registered at logon. This event does not affect system operation.
7023	Service Control Manager	Error	The IP Helper service terminated with the following error: The service cannot be started, either because it is disabled or because there are no enabled devices associated with it.
	During OS installation		The event may be registered at logon. This event does not affect system operation.
10010	Microsoft-Windows-DistributedCOM	Error	The server {xxxxxxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxxxxxxxxxx} did not register with DCOM within the required timeout.

	During OS installation		See the following Microsoft website for details. <a href="http://support.microsoft.com/kb/956479/">http://support.microsoft.com/kb/956479/</a>
10149	Microsoft-Windows-WinRM	Warning	The WinRM service is not listening for WS-Management requests.
	During OS Installation		If ID:10149 is logged, there may be a problem. However, if ID:10149 is logged with ID:7036 or ID:10148, you can ignore those warnings.

#### Application Event Log

1015	Microsoft-Windows-Security-SPP	Warning	Description: Detailed information of HRESULT Returned hr=0xC004F022, original hr=0x80049E00
	During OS installation		Unless the application event is registered after license authentication, this event does not affect system operation.
1530	Microsoft-Windows-User Profiles Service	Warning	Windows detected your registry file is still in use by other applications or services. The file will be unloaded now. The applications or services that hold your registry file may not function properly afterwards.
	During Starter Pack installation		If there is no such influence cannot sign in Windows, does not affect the system operation.
8198	Microsoft-Windows-Security-SPP	Error	License Activation (slui.exe) failed with the following error code: hr=0x80070057
	During OS installation During system boot		Unless the application event is registered after license authentication, this event does not affect system operation. Go to the following Microsoft website for details. <a href="http://support.microsoft.com/kb/921471/en-us">http://support.microsoft.com/kb/921471/en-us</a>

#### Applications and Services Logs

200	Microsoft-Windows-DeviceSetupManager	Warning	A connection to the Windows Update service could not be established.
	When the system is used.		If it is not registered after the Internet connection is established, there is no problem with system operation.
201	Microsoft-Windows-DeviceSetupManager	Warning	A connection to the Windows Metadata and Internet Services (WMIS) could not be established.
	When the system is used.		If it is not registered after the Internet connection is established, there is no problem with system operation.
202	Microsoft-Windows-DeviceSetupManager	Warning	The Network List Manager reports no connectivity to the internet.
	When the system is used.		If it is not registered after the Internet connection is established, there is no problem with system operation.

1001	Microsoft-Windows-Dhcp-Client	Error	<p>Your computer was not assigned an address from the network (by the DHCP Server) for the Network Card with network address 0x50E549A98325.</p> <p>The following error occurred: 0x79.</p> <p>Your computer will continue to try and obtain an address on its own from the network address (DHCP) server.</p>
	<p>During OS installation</p> <p>During Starter Pack installation</p>		<p>If it is not an event occurs will continue, there is no problem with system operation.</p>

---

## Document Revision History

Date	Revision No.	Notes	
December 28, 2012	1	The first edition	856-121112-377-Ae
January 31,2013	2	It's renewed about a important of LAN Driver and a setting method of LAN Driver.	856-121112-377-Be
January 22,2014	3	The first page was renewed.	856-121112-377-Ce